

# CENTRAL KAROO DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

### **RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY**

21 MAY 2018

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The risk management strategy of the Central Karoo District Municipality deals with the major intended and emergent initiatives taken by and involving the utilisation of its resources to reduce risk in the District Municipality.
- 1.2 These strategies may include acceptance, avoidance, mitigating and transferring of risk.
- 1.3 The risk management strategy outlines a high-level plan on how the District Municipality will go about implementing its risk management policy.
- 1.4 The risk management strategy contains the following five main elements:

#### 1.4.1 <u>Structural Configuration:</u>

This element describes how the institution will be structured in terms of committees and reporting lines to give effect to the risk management policy.

#### 1.4.2 <u>Accountability, Roles and Responsibilities:</u>

This element describes the authority and delegation of responsibilities to give effect to the risk management policy.

#### 1.4.3 Risk Management Activities:

This element includes the risk assessment processes and methodologies, monitoring activities and risk reporting standards to give effect to the risk management policy.

#### 1.4.4 <u>Monitoring of the Achievement of the Risk Management Strategy:</u>

This element includes assessment of whether or not key milestones are achieved. More importantly it is also monitoring whether the risk management strategy is producing the sustainable outcomes as originally envisaged.

#### 1.4.5 <u>Assurance Activities:</u>

This element considers all assurance providers available to the institution and integration of their scope of responsibility.

#### 2. RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

#### 2.1 <u>Structural Configuration:</u>

- 2.1.1 The District Municipality will implement the following structure to give effect to its Risk Management Policy.
- 2.1.2 **Council:** The Council will strive within its capacity to achieve the objectives set out in Section 152 of the Constitution.
- 2.1.3 **The Executive Authority** will be as follows:
  - For the District Municipality: The Accounting Officer and the Directors (Section 57 employees) of the District Municipality.
- 2.1.4 **The Accounting Officer** will be as follows:
  - For the District Municipality: The Municipal Manager;
  - For any Municipal Entity of which this District Municipality is the parent: The Chief Executive Officer.
- 2.1.5 **The Chief Risk** officer will be appointed by the Municipal Manager, be it an employee with the designation of Chief Risk Officer or an employee with the delegated responsibilities of a Chief Risk Officer.

- 2.1.5 **The Risk Management Committee** will consist of:
  - 2.1.5.1 A member of the Audit Committee (not in the employ of the institution);
  - 2.1.5.2 Representatives of Senior Management:
    - The Municipal Manager;
    - The Senior Manager: Financial Services (CFO);
    - The Senior Manager: Corporate Services;
    - The Director: Technical Services.
- 2.1.6 Standing invitees to the Committee shall be:
  - 2.1.6.1 Chief Risk Officer;
  - 2.1.6.2 Chief Audit Executive:
  - 2.1.6.3 Any other person who me be co-opted to provide specialist skills, advice and counsel.
- 2.1.7 **The Risk Champions** will be at least one designated Section Head from each of the Directorates of the District Municipality.
- 2.1.8 **The Audit Committee** will be the Committee Members as appointed by Council.
- 2.1.9 **The Internal Audit service** will be provided by the District Municipality's Internal Audit Unit or an external service provider (co-sourced / outsourced function).
- 2.1.10 **Other staff**, who also have a role in Risk Management, are employees within the District Municipality with non-specific risk management responsibilities.

#### 3. <u>ACCOUNTABILITY, ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES</u>

Legislating the implementation of risk management in public sector institutions is part of a macro strategy of Government towards ensuring the achievement of national goals and objectives.

	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	EVALUATION
<u>ACCOUNTING</u>	The following legislative	To derive optimal benefits, risk management	To measure the Accounting
<u>AUTHORITY</u>	instruments provide the legal	ought to be conducted in a systematic manner,	officer's effectiveness in
	foundation for the Accounting	using proven methodologies, tools and	leading the institution's ERM in
	Authority's responsibility for risk	techniques.	contributing to the institution's
	management:		goals and objectives, clear
		The Accounting Officer must ensure that the	objectives and key
	For the CKDM:	responsibility for risk management vests at all	performance indicators have
	• Section 62(1)(c) of the	levels of management and that it is not only	been set for the Officer in
	MFMA;	limited to the Accounting Officer. The	respect of risk management,
		Accounting Officer must also ensure that a risk	as included in his Performance
	For Municipal Entities:	assessment is conducted regularly to identify	Contract. The Accounting
	• Section 95(c)(i) of the	emerging risks.	Officer will be evaluated in
	MFMA.		terms of the requirements set
		High level responsibilities of the Accounting	out in the Performance
		Officer include:	Regulations for Municipal
			Managers and Managers

• S	Setting the	tone	at the	e top	by	accountable	e to	Municipal
SI	upporting	ERM	and	allocat	ing	Managers.		
re	esources tow	ards the	e imple	ementat	ion			
th	nereof;							
• E	stablishing t	he nece	essary	structu	res			
aı	nd reporting l	lines wit	thin the	institut	ion			
to	support ER	M;						
• A	pproving th	he ris	k ma	nagem	ent			
st	trategy, risk ı	manage	ement	policy, r	isk			
m	nanagement i	implem	entatio	n plan a	and			
fra	aud risk man	nageme	nt polic	ey;				
• A	pproving the	instituti	ion's ris	sk appe	tite			
aı	nd risk tolera	ance;						
• In	nfluencing an	ı institut	ional "r	isk awa	re"			
CI	ulture;							
• A	pproving the	code c	of cond	uct for	the			
in	nstitution and	d holdi	ng ma	anagem	ent			
aı	nd official	ls ad	ccounta	able	for			
a	dherence;							
• P	lace the key	risks a	at the f	orefront	of			
th	ne managem	nent age	enda a	nd dev	ote			
pe	ersonal atter	ntion to	overse	eeing th	neir			
ef	ffective mana	agemen	nt;					

- Hold management accountable for designing, implementing, monitoring and integrating risk management principles into their day-to-day activities;
- Holding the structures responsible for risk management activities accountable for adequate performance;
- Ensuring that a conducive control environment exists to ensure that identified risks are proactively managed;
- Leverage the Audit Committee, Internal Audit, Risk Management committee and other appropriate structures for assurance on the effectiveness of risk management;
- Provide all relevant stakeholders with the necessary assurance that key risks are properly identified, assessed, mitigated and monitored;

- Consider and act on recommendations from the Audit Committee, Internal Audit, Risk Management Committee and other appropriate structures for improving the overall state of risk management;
- Provide appropriate leadership and guidance to senior management and structures responsible for various aspects of risk management;
- Awareness of and concurring with the institution's risk appetite and tolerance levels;
- Reviewing the institution's portfolio view of risks and considers it against the institution's risk tolerance;
- Influencing how strategy and objectives are established, institutional activities are structured, and risks are identified, assessed and acted upon;

Requiring that management should have an established set of values by which every employee should abide by; Insist achievement of objectives, effective performance management and value for money; The design and functioning of control activities, information and communication systems, and monitoring activities; The quality and frequency of reporting; The way the institution is managed including the type of risks accepted; The appropriateness of reporting lines; Assign responsibility and authority; Insist on accountability.

	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	EVALUATION
CHIEF RISK	Legislating the implementation of	The primary responsibility of the CRO is to	To measure the CRO's
OFFICER (CRO)	risk management in public sector	bring to bear his / her specialist expertise to	effectiveness in leading the
	institutions is part of a macro	assist the institution to embed and leverage	institution's ERM in
	strategy of Government towards	the benefits of risk management to achieve its	contributing to the institution's
	ensuring the achievement of	stated objectives.	goals and objectives and key
	national goals and objectives.		performance indicators will be
		To derive optimal benefits, risk management	set for the CRO in respect of
	The CRO is bound by the legislation	ought to be conducted in a systematic manner,	risk management. The
	applicable to "other Personnel", as	using proven methodologies, tools and	following key performance
	set out below.	techniques. Focusing on enterprise-wide risk	indicators for the CRO will be
		management programmes, the CRO is tasked	considered:
	The following legislative	with the overall efficiency of the ERM function.	
	instruments provide the legal	This is inclusive of the embedding of risk	Maturity on the
	foundation for risk management for	management practices and fostering a risk	implementation of the
	"Other Personnel":	aware culture within the institution.	ERM Framework;
			Risk management
	For CKDM:	The CRO effectively assumes the role of	structures active and
	<ul> <li>Section 78 of the MFMA;</li> </ul>	institutional advocate for ERM and brings	credible;
		specialist expertise to assist in integrating risk	
	for Municipal Entities:	management throughout the institution.	
	Section 105 of the MFMA.		

High level responsibilities to achieve this include:

- Working with senior management to develop the overall enterprise risk management vision, risk management strategy, risk management policy, as well as risk appetite and tolerance levels for approval by the Accounting Authority / Officer;
- Communicating the risk management policy, risk management strategy and risk management implementation plan to all stakeholders in the institution;
- Setting up of the risk management structure and risk management reporting lines within the institution;
- Continuously driving the risk management process towards best practice;

- Realistic risk management implementation plan achieved;
- Proactive identification of emerging risks to minimize unforeseen risks;
- Implementation
   progress achieved of
   Loss Prevention
   Programme;
- Lack of surprises;
- Updated risk profile of the institution;
- Updated action plans for all material risks.

Evaluation will be performed by the Accounting Officer on an annual basis.

- Developing a common risk assessment methodology that is aligned with the institution's objectives at strategic, tactical and operational levels for approval by the Accounting Authority / Officer;
- Coordinating risk assessments within the institution / directorate / department / section / on a regular basis;
- Sensitising management timeously of the need to perform risk assessments for all major changes, capital expenditure, projects, institutional restructuring and similar events, and assist to ensure that the attendant processes, particularly reporting, are completed efficiently and timeously;
- Assisting management in developing and implementing risk responses for each identified material risk;

- Ensuring effective information systems exist to facilitate overall risk management improvement within the institution;
- Continuously transferring risk management principles and practices, through training interventions, to all stakeholders within the institution;
- Advising management in the development of financing structures;
- Performing an analysis to identify emerging risks facing the institution for further action and intervention;
- Collating and consolidating the results of the various assessments within the institution;
- Analysing the results of the assessment process to identify trends, within the risk and control profile, and develop the necessary high-level control interventions to manage these trends;

- Compiling the necessary reports to the Risk Management Committee;
- Providing input into the development and subsequent review of the fraud prevention strategy, business continuity plans, occupational health, safety and environmental policies and practices and disaster management plans.

In addition to the above mentioned high level responsibilities the CRO needs to possess certain attributes to function effectively and efficiently.

	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	EVALUATION
RISK COMMITTEE	There is currently no legal mandate	The Risk Management committee is	To measure the Risk
	for the establishment of a Risk	responsible for assisting the Accounting	Management committee's
	Management committee. However,	Officer in addressing its oversight	effectiveness in the
	National Treasury determines that	requirements of risk management and	institution's ERM in
	the role of the Risk Management	evaluating and monitoring the institution's	contribution to the institution's
	Committee is to develop goals,	performance with regards to risk	goals and objectives, clear
	objectives and key performance	management. The role of the Risk	objectives and key
	indicators for the committee for	Management Committee is to formulate,	performance indicators have
	approval by the Accounting Officer.	promote and review the institution's ERM	been set for the Risk
		objectives, strategy and policy and monitor the	Management Committee in
		process at strategic, management and	respect of risk management.
		operational levels.	The key performance
			indicators for the Risk
		In discharging its oversight responsibilities	Management committee are:
		relating to risk management, the Risk	
		Management committee has the following	Risk Management
		high-level responsibilities:	Policy and Risk
			Management Strategy
		Review the risk management policy	and Framework
		and strategy and recommend for	approved for the
		approval by Council;	financial year;

- Review the risk appetite and tolerance and recommend for approval by Council;
- Review the institution's risk identification and assessment methodologies to obtain reasonable assurance of the completeness and accuracy of the risk register;
- Evaluate the effectiveness of mitigating strategies to address the material risks of the Institution;
- Report to the Accounting Officer any material changes to the risk profile of the Institution;
- Review the fraud prevention policy and recommend for approval by Council;
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the implementation of the fraud prevention policy;
- Review any material findings and recommendations by assurance providers on the system of risk management and monitor that

- Risk Management Implementation Plan approved;
- Annually report on the submission of risks equal or > risk appetite to Risk Committee;
- Review the Risk
   Appetite as per the
   Risk Management
   Policy;
- Quarterly progress report of the approved Implementation Plan;
- Submission of approved Risk Committee minutes to the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis;

- appropriate action is instituted to address the identified weaknesses;
- Develop goals, objectives and key performance indicators for the Committee for approval by the Accounting Officer;
- Develop goals, objectives and key performance indicators to measure the effectiveness of the risk management activity;
- Set out the nature, role, responsibility and authority of the risk management function within the Institution for approval by the Accounting Officer, and oversee the performance of the risk management function;
- Provide proper and timely reports to the Accounting Officer on the state of risk management, together with aspects requiring improvement accompanied by the Committee's recommendations to address such issues.

Submission of a statement / report from Risk Committee Chair to the Audit Committee regarding the Risk Committee's performance as per the Key Performance Indicators on an annual basis.

The Risk Committee will be evaluated by the Mayoral Committee on an annual basis.

<u>LEGAL MANDATE</u>	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	<u>EVALUATION</u>
Legislating the implementation of	The Audit Committee is responsible for	
risk management in public sector	providing the Accounting Officer with	
institutions is part of a macro	independent council, advice and direction in	
strategy of Government towards	respect of risk management. The	
ensuring the achievement of	stakeholders rely on the Audit Committee for	
national goals and objectives. The	an independent and objective view of the	
following legislative instruments	institution's risks and effectiveness of the risk	
provide the legal foundation for the	management processes.	
Audit Committee's responsibility for		
risk management:	In this way, the Audit Committee provides	
	valuable assurance that stakeholder interests	
For CKDM:	are protected.	
<ul> <li>Section 166 of the MFMA;</li> </ul>		
	In discharging its oversight responsibilities	
For Municipal Entities:	relating to risk management, the audit	
• MFMA.	committee:	
	Legislating the implementation of risk management in public sector institutions is part of a macro strategy of Government towards ensuring the achievement of national goals and objectives. The following legislative instruments provide the legal foundation for the Audit Committee's responsibility for risk management:  For CKDM:  • Section 166 of the MFMA;  For Municipal Entities:	Legislating the implementation of risk management in public sector institutions is part of a macro strategy of Government towards ensuring the achievement of national goals and objectives. The following legislative instruments provide the legal foundation for the Audit Committee's responsibility for risk management:  In this way, the Audit Committee provides valuable assurance that stakeholder interests are protected.  For CKDM:  Section 166 of the MFMA;  In discharging its oversight responsibilities relating to risk management, the audit

- Gains thorough understanding of the risk management policy, risk management strategy, risk management implementation plan, and fraud risk management policy of the institution to enable them to add value to the risk management process when making recommendations to improve the process;
- Reviews and critiques the risk appetite and risk tolerance, and recommends this for approval by Council;
- Reviews the completeness of the risk assessment process implemented by management to ensure that all possible categories of risks, both internal and external to the institution, have been identified during the risk assessment process. This includes an awareness of emerging risks pertaining to the institution;

- Reviews the risk profile and management action plans to address the risks;
- Reviews the adequacy of adapted risk responses;
- The audit committee must monitor the progress made with the management action plan;
- Reviews the progress made with regards to the implementation of the risk management strategy of the institution;
- Facilitates and monitors the coordination of all assurance activities implemented by the institution;
- Reviews and recommends any risk disclosures in the annual financial statements;
- Provides regular feedback to the Accounting Officer on the effectiveness of the risk management process implemented by the institution;

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Review the process implemented by
Management in respect of fraud
prevention and ensure that all fraud
related incidents have been followed
up appropriately;
Reviews and ensures that the internal
audit plans are aligned to the risk
profile of the institution;
Review the effectiveness of the
internal audit assurance activities and
recommends appropriate action to
address any shortcomings;
Review the combined assurance
model.

	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	EVALUATION
RISK CHAMPIONS	Legislating the implementation of	The Risk champion is a person with the skills,	To measure the Risk
	risk management in public sector	knowledge and leadership required to	Champion's effectiveness in
	institutions is part of a macro	champion the risk management cause.	the institution's ERM in
	strategy of Government towards		contributing to the institution's
	ensuring the achievement of	A key part of the Risk Champion's	goals and objectives, clear
	national goals and objectives. The	responsibility involves escalating instances	objectives and key
	Risk Champions are bound by the	where the risk management efforts are stifled,	performance indicators should
	legislation applicable to "Other	such as when individuals try to block ERM	be set for the Risk Champion
	Personnel", as set out below.	initiatives. The Risk champion also adds value	in respect of risk management.
		to the risk management process by providing	The key performance
	For CKDM:	guidance and support to manage	indicators for the Risk
	Section 78 of the MFMA;	"problematic" risks and risks of a transversal	Champion are:
		nature.	
	For Municipal Entities:		Resolution of problems
	Section 105 of the MFMA.	The Risk Champion acts as a change agent in	identified.
		the ERM process and is distinguished from	
		risk co-ordinators as they are trouble shooters	
		that facilitate resolution of risk related	
		problems.	

In order to be an effective and efficient risk
champion, he / she must:
Have a good understanding of risk
concepts, principles and processes;
Have good analytical skills to assist
with the analysis of root causes to risk
problems;
Leadership and motivational qualities;
Have good communication skills.
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	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	<u>EVALUATION</u>
<u>MANAGEMENT</u>	Management are bound by the	Management is accountable to the Accounting	To measure the
	legislation applicable to "other	Officer for designing, implementing and	Management's effectiveness
	Personnel", as set out below.	monitoring risk management, and integrating it	in the institution's ERM in
		into the day-to-day activities of the institution.	contributing to the institution's
	For CKDM:	This needs to be done in such a manner as to	goals and objectives, clear
	<ul> <li>Section 78 of the MFMA;</li> </ul>	ensure that risk management becomes a	objectives and key
		valuable strategic management tool for	performance indicators should
	For Municipal Entities:	underpinning the efficacy of service delivery	be set for the Management in
	Section 105 of the MFMA.	and value for money.	respect of risk management.
			The key performance
		In discharging their high-level responsibilities	indicators for the Management
		relating to risk management, Management:	are:
		<ul> <li>Acknowledges the "ownership" of risks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The business unit's</li> </ul>
		within their functional areas and all	performance against
		responsibilities associated with	key service delivery
		managing such risks;	indicators, including
		<ul> <li>Cascades risk management into their</li> </ul>	comparison of year-on-
		functional responsibilities;	year performance;
		ranotional responsibilities,	your portormanoe,

- **Empowers** officials to perform adequately terms of risk management responsibilities through proper communication of responsibilities, comprehensive orientation and ongoing opportunities for skills development;
- Holds officials accountable for their specific risk management responsibilities;
- Maintains the functional risk profile within the institution's risk tolerance and appetite;
- Provides reports on the functional risk management consistent with the institution's reporting protocols (including appearing before committees);
- Aligns the functional and institutional risk management methodologies and processes;

- Implementation level of the ERM Framework within their business unit;
- Implementation of credible risk management structures within their business unit;
- Proactive identification of emerging / new risks to avoid surprises;
- Zero contravention notices served by authorities;
- Service delivery performance and improvement;
- Improvement in efficiency ratios for service delivery;
- % achievement of KPI's;

- Implements the directives of the Accounting Officer concerning risk management;
- Maintains a harmonious working relationship with the CRO and supports the CRO in matters concerning the functions risk management;
- Maintains a harmonious working relationship with the Risk Champion and supports the Risk Champion in matters concerning the functions risk management;
- Keeps key functional risks at the forefront of the management agenda and devote personal attention in overseeing the management of these risks.

- Updated risk registers;
- Updated action plans;
- Actual effectiveness of controls validated;
- Year-on-year reduction in incidents/losses;
- Implementation progress achieved of Loss Prevention Programme;
- · Reduction in fraud;
- Reduction in stakeholder complaints.

	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	EVALUATION
OTHER STAFF	The following legislative instruments provide the legal foundation for Other Personnel's responsibility for risk management:	Management for implementing and monitoring	
	For CKDM:  • Section 78 of the MFMA;	High level responsibilities include:	
	For Municipal Entities:  • Section 105 of the MFMA.	<ul> <li>Familiarity with the overall enterprise risk management vision, risk management strategy, fraud risk management policy and risk management policy;</li> <li>Acting in terms of the spirit and letter of the above;</li> <li>Acting within the risk appetite and tolerance levels set by the business unit;</li> <li>Adhering to the code of conduct for the institution;</li> </ul>	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Maintaining the functioning of the
control environment, information and
communication as well as the
monitoring systems within their
delegated responsibility;
a singular responsibility,
Dura idia a information and accompation
Providing information and cooperation
with other role players;
Participation in risk identification and
risk assessment within their business
unit;
Implementation of risk responses to
promotion of the composition of
address the identified risks.

	LEGAL MANDATE	ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES	EVALUATION
INTERNAL AUDIT	The following legislative instruments provide the legal foundation for Internal Audit's responsibility for risk management:	Responsibilities of Internal Audit in risk management include:  • Reviewing the risk philosophy of the institution. This includes the risk	
	• Section 165(2)(b)(iv) of the MFMA;  • International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing – Performance Standard 2110.	management policy, risk management strategy, fraud prevention plan, risk management reporting lines, the values that have been developed for the institution;  Reviewing the appropriateness of the risk tolerance levels set by the institution taking into consideration the risk profile of the institution;	
	Section 165(2)(b)(iv) of the MFMA;     International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing —	Providing assurance over the design and functioning of the control environment, information and communication systems and the monitoring systems;	

Performance	Standard	Providing assurance over the
2110.		institution's risk identification and
		assessment processes;
		Utilising the results of the risk
		assessment to develop long term and
		current year internal audit plans;
		Providing independent assurance as
		to whether the risk management
		strategy, risk management
		implementation plan and fraud
		prevention plan have been effectively
		implemented within the institution;
		Providing independent assurance over
		the adequacy of the control
		environment. This includes providing
		assurance over the effectiveness of
		the internal controls implemented to
		mitigate the identified risks.

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES

4.1 The following are the risk management activities that the District Municipality will implement together with the methodology that will be applied in each case:

#### 4.1.1 RISK ASSESSMENT:

The District Municipality will as far as possible conduct an enterprise risk assessment annually, ie one that will include every directorate, department and section, however small or seemingly insignificant and no such directorate, department or section may exclude them from the assessment. Due to the limited resources available to the contracted internal auditors, the project would in all likelihood be conducted by an external service provider. Workshops will be held, per directorate, to be attended by the relevant Director and all his Managers. After conclusion of the workshops and scrutiny of the draft result of the assessment, copies of the final document will be distributed to each directorate.

It goes without saying that such an Assessment must be conducted in accordance with the IIA Standards.

#### 4.1.2 RISK TOLERANCE:

It is important for the institution to make an informed decision on how much risk it accepts as part of normal management practice. Setting risk tolerance is a collective senior management responsibility. The output is a clearly defined tolerable level of risk established through a rigorous process of analysis and expert management judgement. Depending on the nature of the risk the tolerance may be expressed either in qualitative of quantitative terms.

#### 4.1.3 RISK MITIGATION:

After the risk tolerance has been determined, those risks that exceed the level are to receive immediate attention by:

- Revisiting the existing controls that are inadequate;
- Designing / redesigning processes that provide controls that will mitigate the risk;
- Obtain expert advice from knowledgeable persons / companies, etc;
- To obtain the best possible result, actions taken in redesigning controls should be done through a collective process by the Director / Manager with their staff who can often make valuable contributions to finding solutions.

#### 4.1.4 MONITORING OF RISK MITIGATION:

The Accounting Officer is ultimately responsible in ensuring that risks that require mitigation receive the necessary attention by enhancing existing / designing new control measures. However, the directors assume delegation of this duty and ensure that risk management is carried through to the managers and all other staff. The Risk committee has the responsibility of monitoring the increase in the level of the control environment. The Chief Audit Executive also has the responsibility in the development of the combined assurance plan for the District Municipality. Factors inhibiting the implementation of new or revised controls to reduce the risk exposure should be reported to the Risk Committee.

#### 4.1.5 RISK REPORTING STANDARDS:

Over and above the annual enterprise risk assessment, risks need to be identified and reported as soon as possible. This will assist in curbing potential and actual loss.

## 5. MONITORING OF AND REPORTING ON THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

- As already mentioned above, this element includes the assessment of whether or not key milestones are achieved. More importantly it is also monitoring whether the risk management strategy is producing the sustainable outcomes as originally envisaged. This falls within the scope of the responsibilities of the Chief Risk Officer, Accounting Authority, and the Audit Committee. During the initial stages of implementation of the RM Strategy, a brief report should be prepared to serve before the Accounting Authority on a monthly basis of which the frequency can be extended to quarterly and eventually biannually.
- The Accounting Authority must evaluate the progress as contained in the report and endeavour to resolve hurdles that are inhibiting the RM implementation plan. The report plus the Accounting Authority's comment / recommendation should then be submitted to the Audit Committee.

#### 6. <u>ASSURANCE</u>

6.1 This process is inseparable from ERM and is as important as the aforementioned. A combined assurance plan must be compiled from the risk analysis. This will enable management to assign resources efficiently to mitigate the risks to an acceptable level and to identify who is responsible for each risk. The District Municipality will also on a continuous basis be informed of assurance (or not) that risks are being managed efficiently, effectively and economically.

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

7.1 This document will be known as the Risk Management Strategy. The Risk Management Strategy focuses on the broad principles and depending on the merit a separate risk management implementation plan may be developed for a risk activity.

7.2 These plans will form part of the monitoring of the achievement of the Risk Management Strategy.

#### 8. <u>REVIEW OF RISK MANAGEMENT STRATEGY</u>

8.1 The Committee shall review the risk management strategy and recommend to Council for approval any amendments that may be required.